Kenilworth Public Schools Curriculum Guide

Content Area: Math Foundations Grade: 8 BOE Approved: 4/8/19

Revision Date: 5/13/19 Submitted by: Michelle Alvarez, Nancy Bechtler & Lauren Bound BOE Revision Approved: N/A

Mathematics- Grade 8 Foundations Scope and Sequence

Unit 1- Fractions & Decimals	Unit 2- Integers & Rational Numbers	Unit 3- Coordinate Plane	Unit 4- Equations	Unit 5- Word Problems	Unit 6- Financial Literacy (Can be integrated throughout course or taught as end of course unit)
Weeks 1-6	Weeks 7-16	Weeks 17-21	Weeks 22-30	Weeks 31-34	Weeks 35-38
Unit Description: All students will develop an understanding of fraction equivalence, addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators, and multiplication of fractions by whole numbers.	Unit Description: All students will add, subtract, multiply, and divide integers and rational numbers.	Unit Description: All students will identify locations on a coordinate plane, use the coordinate grid to find specific locations in a two dimensional space, and describe critical characteristics of the coordinate plane (such as axes, origin, and quadrants).	Unit Description: All students will write and simplify expressions and solve multi step equations.	Unit Description: All students will systematically deconstruct a word problem and utilize various strategies to solve it.	Unit Description: Students will be introduced to the world of investing by exploring the mechanics of investing in the stock market. We will begin by learning about the difference between private and public companies, why some private companies elect to become public, and what being public means/entails. Students will then

	becoming public and
	learn about such
	concepts as; IPO, stock,
	stock symbols, stock
	exchanges, what
	influences the price of
	a stock, dividends, and
	stock splits.
	Students will be
	introduced to the
	concept of credit- what
	it is and why it is important. We will
	first explore the
	significance of credit
	from a global
	perspective, after which we will drill
	down to identify the
	significance of credit
	on a personal level. Along the way,
	students will learn
	about various forms of
	credit including;
	mortgages, student
	loans, auto loans, and
	credit cards.
	Discussions will
	identify the
	advantages and
	potential pitfalls of

	managing credit. Other
	concepts covered
	include; how do credit
	card companies make
	money, the
	consequences of only
	paying the minimum
	on your credit card
	balance, FICO scores,
	and bankruptcy.
	and banki uptey.
	Students will learn
	various forms of taxes
	including; income,
	sales, and property
	taxes. While discussing
	income tax, students
	will learn what entities
	tax their income, the
	difference between
	gross and net income,
	how to lower your
	taxable income, and
	how the government
	spends the tax
	revenues.
	Additionally, students
	will gain an
	understanding of how
	federal tax is the same
	from state to state, yet
	the state income tax
	varies widely by state.

Unit Targets:	Unit Targets:	Unit Targets:	Unit Targets:	Unit Targets:	When discussing property tax, we will analyze the components of property tax to determine how this tax is calculated, as well as, compare property tax rates across the country.
 Write and identify equivalent fractions in simplest form. Use equivalent fractions to represent a pair of fractions as fractions with a common denominator. Find sums and differences involving fractions with like and unlike denominators. Convert between fractions and decimals. Solve division problems using the reciprocal. 	 Compare and order integers. Use order of operations to evaluate numerical expressions. Add, Subtract, multiply and divide integers without the use of calculators. Calculate absolute value expressions. 	 Define ordered pairs. Show how to plot points on a Cartesian plane. Locate the origin on the coordinate plane. Discuss the x and y axis Introduce slope. 	 Solve two step equations using addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. Solve multi-step real life and mathematical equations. Use the distributive property to solve numerical expressions and equations. Translate and write equivalent expressions by applying properties. Solve multi-step equations by applying 	 Identify the information needed. Identify the correct operation. Set up the math problem using various problem solving strategies. Accurately complete the mathematical equation. 	 Understand and synthesize how key economic concepts affect their planning and decision-making as it relates to investing. Comprehend various investing terms and concepts including 401k plans, IRAs, public vs. private companies, IPOs, stock prices, dividends, stock splits. Research to gather and evaluate different

Order rational		properties of rational	stocks' information,
		numbers.	prices, and
numbers including on a number line.		numbers.	performance.
a number inte.			=
			• Research, analyze and
			purchase stocks in a
			mock stock portfolio.
			 Understand what
			credit is and its
			significance both
			globally and on a
			personal basis.
			 Identify the different
			forms of credit and
			compare/contrast.
			• Understand the pros
			and cons of using
			credit (potential
			pitfalls).
			• Determine the process
			by which credit is
			extended.
			Comprehend what a
			credit score is and how
			it is calculated.
			Appreciate the
			importance of
			maintaining a high
			credit score.
			 Calculate the financial
			consequences of not
			paying your credit on
			time.
			• Comprehend the
			difference between
			gross salary (income)

	 and net income in New Jersey. Understand what entities tax their income. Calculate the amount of taxes taken out of their income as a New Jersey resident. Understand the difference in state income taxes. Calculate the amount of taxes taken out of different salaries and compare among states. Understand how both the Federal and State governments utilize the tax revenues. Understand other forms of taxes that individuals pay including; sales and property tax. Determine how property tax is calculated.
--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Unit Title: Fractions & Decimals

Unit Summary: All students will develop an understanding of fraction equivalence, addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators, and multiplication of fractions by whole numbers.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Literature, Technology

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Global Awareness

Leari	ning Targets		
NJSLS Standards: 6.RP.1-3			
Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1			
Content Statements:			
1 Equivalent Fractions			
2 Simplest Form			
3 Like and Unlike Denominators			
4 Add, Subtract, Multiply, and Divide Frac	ctions		
Big Idea: Different strategies can help us co	mpute numbers more efficiently.		
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:		
 How do you use fractions to solve real world problems? Using a variety of strategies, we can use fractions to solve real-world problems. 			
Unit Learning Targets Students will			
<i>Students will</i>Write and identify equivalent fractions in the second seco	1		
<i>Students will</i>Write and identify equivalent fractions in the second seco	n simplest form. Dair of fractions as fractions with a common		
 Students will Write and identify equivalent fractions i Use equivalent fractions to represent a p denominator. 	1		
 Students will Write and identify equivalent fractions i Use equivalent fractions to represent a p denominator. 	pair of fractions as fractions with a common ctions with like and unlike denominators.		
 Students will Write and identify equivalent fractions i Use equivalent fractions to represent a p denominator. Find sums and differences involving fractions 	pair of fractions as fractions with a common ctions with like and unlike denominators.		

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment: Performance Task Assessments

Formative Assessments:

- ST Math
- Teacher observation
- Notebook check
- Class participation
- Problem of the Day

Lesson Plans				
Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe			
Basic Skills Worksheets from various sourcesST Math	Weeks 1-6			
Teacher Resources	Teacher Note			
Teacher Supplemental Binder				

Differentiating Instruction: Students with Disabilities, English Language Learners, and Gifted & Talented Students

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling
- Pairing students with beginning English language skills with students who have more advanced

English language skills • Scaffolding •Word walls

•Sentence frames

Think-pair-shareCooperative learning groups

Unit Title: Integers and Rational Numbers

Unit Summary: All students will add, subtract, multiply, and divide integers and rational numbers.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Literature, Technology

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Global Awareness

Learning Targets

NJSLS Standards: 7.NS.1.A-D, 7.RP.1, 7.EE.1, 7.EE.2

Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1

Content Statements:

1 Variable expressions with integers

2 Calculate absolute value

3 Order of operations involving integers

Big Idea: For a given set of integers, there are relationships between positive and negative numbers that are always true and these are the rules that govern arithmetic and algebra.

Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
 What is the difference between the opposite and the absolute value of a number? How can we predict that the sum of two 	 Absolute value is a number's distance from zero. Relationships exist between positive and negative integers.
integers is positive, negative, or zero?	

Unit Learning Targets

Students will...

- Use a number line to determine absolute value.
- Use order of operations to evaluate numerical expressions with integers.
- Add, Subtract, multiply and divide integers without the use of calculators.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment: Performance Task Assessments

- ST Math
- Teacher observation

- Notebook check
- Class participation
- Problem of the Day

Lesson Plans				
Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe			
Basic Skills Worksheets from various sourcesST Math	Weeks 7-17			
Teacher Resources	Teacher Note			
Teacher Supplemental Binder				
Differentiating Instruction:				

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling

- Scaffolding
- •Word walls
- •Sentence frames

Think-pair-shareCooperative learning groups

Unit Title: Coordinate Plane

Unit Summary: All students will identify locations on a coordinate plane, use the coordinate grid to find specific locations in a two dimensional space, and describe critical characteristics of the coordinate plane (such as axes, origin, and quadrants).

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Social Studies

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Civic Literacy, Economic Literacy

Learni	ing Targets			
NJSLS Standards: 5.GA.1, 5.GA.2				
Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1				
Content Statements:				
1 Plot ordered pairs				
2 Identify parts of the coordinate plane				
3 Slope				
	e to solve real-world and mathematical problems.			
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:			
• How does the coordinate system work?	• Coordinate geometry can be used to represent			
• How do coordinate grids help you organize and verify algebraic/geometric relationships				
information?	• On the coordinate plane, a point represents two facets of information associated with an			
• How might a coordinate grid help me	ordered pair.			
understand a relationship between two ordered pair.				
Unit Learning Targets				
Students will				
• Define ordered pairs				
• Show how to plot points on a Cartesian plane				
Locate the origin on the coordinate plane				
• Discuss the x and y axis				
Introduce slope				
Evidence of Learning				
Summative Assessment: Performance Task	Assessments			

- ST Math
- Teacher observation
- Notebook check
- Class participation
- Problem of the Day

Lesson Plans	
Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe
Basic Skills Worksheets from various sourcesST Math	Weeks 18-22
Teacher Resources	Teacher Note
Teacher Supplemental Binder	

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling

- ScaffoldingWord wallsSentence frames
- Think-pair-shareCooperative learning groups

Unit Title: Equations

Unit Summary: All students will write and simplify expressions and solve multi-step equations. **Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:** Financial Literacy and Technology

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy

Learning Targets

NJSLS Standards: 7.EE.A.1, 7.EE.B.3

Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1

Content Statements:

1 Two-step Equations

- 2 Multi-Step Equations
- 3 Distributive Property

Big Idea: Problem solving requires higher order thinking skills and a strategies to deconstruct and solve problems.

Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
• How do you solve equations containing multiple operations and variables?	• Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract expressions with coefficients.
	• Rewrite expressions in different forms to solve problems.
	• Apply inverse operations to solve for an unknown variable in an equation.

Unit Learning Targets

Students will...

- Solve two-step equations using addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
- Solve multi-step real life and mathematical equations.
- Use the distributive property to solve numerical expressions and equations.
- Translate and write equivalent expressions by applying properties.
- Solve multi-step equations by applying properties of rational numbers

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment: Performance Task Assessments

- ST Math
- Teacher observation
- Notebook check
- Class participation
- Problem of the Day

	Lesson Plans	
	Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe
•	Basic Skills Worksheets from various sources	Weeks 23-30
•	ST Math	
	Teacher Resources	Teacher Note
•	Teacher Supplemental Binder	

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling

- ScaffoldingWord wallsSentence frames
- Think-pair-shareCooperative learning groups

Unit Title: Word Problems

Unit Summary: All students will systematically deconstruct a word problem and utilize various strategies to solve it.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Financial Literacy and Technology

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy

Learning Targets

NJSLS Standards: 7.NS.3, 8.EE.C.7

Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1

Content Statements:

1 Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers.

- 2 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 3 Apply problem solving strategies.

Big Idea: Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations to solve.

Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
 How do I know where to begin when solving a problem? How do I decide what strategy will work best in a given problem situation? 	• A problem solver understands what has been done, knows why the process was appropriate, and can support it with reason and evidence.

Unit Learning Targets

Students will...

- Identify the information needed.
- Identify the correct operation.
- Set up the math problem using various problem-solving strategies.
- Accurately complete the mathematical equation.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment: Performance Task Assessments

- ST Math
- Teacher observation

- Notebook check
- Class participation
- Problem of the Day

Lesson Plans	
Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe
Basic Skills Worksheets from various sourcesST Math	Weeks 23-30
Teacher Resources	Teacher Note
Teacher Supplemental Binder	

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling

- Scaffolding
- •Word walls
- •Sentence frames

Think-pair-shareCooperative learning groups

Unit Title: Financial Literacy- Investing, Credit, Taxes

Unit Summary: Students will be introduced to the world of investing by exploring the mechanics of investing in the stock market. We will begin by learning about the difference between private and public companies, why some private companies elect to become public, and what being public means/entails. Students will then explore the process of becoming public and learn about such concepts as; IPO, stock, stock symbols, stock exchanges, what influences the price of a stock, dividends, and stock splits.

Students will be introduced to the concept of credit- what it is and why it is important. We will first explore the significance of credit from a global perspective, after which we will drill down to identify the significance of credit on a personal level. Along the way, students will learn about various forms of credit including; mortgages, student loans, auto loans, and credit cards.

Discussions will identify the advantages and potential pitfalls of managing credit. Other concepts covered include; how do credit card companies make money, the consequences of only paying the minimum on your credit card balance, FICO scores, and bankruptcy.

Students will learn various forms of taxes including; income, sales, and property taxes. While discussing income tax, students will learn what entities tax their income, the difference between gross and net income, how to lower your taxable income, and how the government spends the tax revenues. Additionally, students will gain an understanding of how federal tax is the same from state to state, yet the state income tax varies widely by state. When discussing property tax, we will analyze the components of property tax to determine how this tax is calculated, as well as, compare property tax rates across the country.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Mathematics, Business, Technology

21st Century Career and Life Themes: Global Awareness, Financial Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy, Life and Career Skills, Information Literacy

Learning Targets

NJSLS Standards: PFL.9.1.8.A.1-7, PFL.9.1.8.B.1-11, PFL.9.1.8.C.1-10, PFL9.1.8.D.1-5, PFL.9.1.8.F.1-3

Technology Standards: 8.1.5.A.1

Content St	atements:
-------------------	-----------

- 1 Understand and synthesize key economic concepts
- 2 Comprehend various investing terms and concepts
- 3 Evaluate stock
- 4 Purchase stock in a mock stock portfolio
- 5 Understand credit on a global and personal level
- 6 Identify different forms of credit and the pros/cons of using it
- 7 Comprehend what a credit score is and how it is calculated
- 8 Calculate the financial consequences of not paying your credit loan on time

9 Gross salary vs. net income in New Jersey			
Gross salary vs. net income in New Jersey			
Entities that tax income			
¹¹ Income tax state by state	Income tax state by state		
¹² Government use of tax revenue	Government use of tax revenue		
¹³ Sales tax	Sales tax		
14 Property tax			
of financial concepts and strategies. Students competency and sophistication which they will	I be able to apply to their daily lives. Exploring erstand opportunities beyond banking products.		
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:		
 What is the stock market and how does it work? Why is it important to have some of your money invested in stocks? What are 401k and IRA plans and what benefits do they provide? What is credit and why is it important both globally and personally? What are the benefits and potential pitfalls in using credit? How can someone responsibly manage credit? What is the difference between gross and net salary? What are the different forms of tax that an individual will pay and what entities are taxing them? What are the tax revenues used to pay for? 	 It is beneficial to have some of your money invested in the stock market to ensure diversification and to outpace inflation. It is important to have diversification with your investments. Investing in 401k and/or IRAs provide tax sheltered, long-term growth opportunities. If responsibly managed, using credit can increase your purchasing power and standard of living. Paying the minimum monthly payment on a credit card will significantly increase your debt. Maintaining a high credit score (FICO) is significant and can benefit you in many ways including; lower interest rates, loan approval, renting an apartment, buying a home, buying a car, getting a job. Income tax significantly affects your take home pay (net income). New Jersey has the highest property tax in the United States. There are legal ways to lower your taxable income (deductions). 		
Unit Learning Targets			

Students will...

- Understand and synthesize how key economic concepts affect their planning and decisionmaking as it relates to investing
- Comprehend various investing terms and concepts including 401k plans, IRAs, public vs. private companies, IPOs, stock prices, dividends, stock splits

- Research to gather and evaluate different stocks' information, prices, and performance
- Research, analyze and purchase stocks in a mock stock portfolio
- Understand what credit is and its significance both globally and on a personal basis
- Identify the different forms of credit and compare/contrast
- Understand the pros and cons of using credit (potential pitfalls)
- Determine the process by which credit is extended
- Comprehend what a credit score is and how it is calculated
- Appreciate the importance of maintaining a high credit score
- Calculate the financial consequences of not paying your credit on time
- Comprehend the difference between gross salary (income) and net income in New Jersey
- Understand what entities tax their income
- Calculate the amount of taxes taken out of their income as a New Jersey resident
- Understand the difference in state income taxes
- Calculate the amount of taxes taken out of different salaries and compare among states
- Understand how both the Federal and State governments utilize the tax revenues
- Understand other forms of taxes that individuals pay including; sales and property tax
- Determine how property tax is calculated

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment: Performance Task Assessments, quizzes and tests developed by teacher

- Stock research sheet
- Stock portfolio activity
- Debt ratio worksheet
- True cost of paying worksheet
- Gross vs. Net NJ worksheet
- Gross vs. Net- states worksheet
- Disposable income worksheet
- Teacher observation
- Notebook check
- Class participation

Lesson Plans	
Activities/Interdisciplinary Connections	Timeframe
• Students will complete an activity that requires them to research various companies (stocks) and gather relevant information about each including: stock symbol, exchange, current price, YTD return %, 10 year return	Weeks 35-38 or integrated throughout the course

%.	
• Working with a partner, students will research and select a portfolio of stocks to invest in given comprehension research parameters. Throughout the remainder of the course, there will be designated trading days where students will buy/sell stocks with the objective of maximizing their portfolio returns.	
• Students will compete in the Stock Market Game.	
• Students will complete an activity on bankrate.com to determine the consequence of paying the minimum on their credit card.	
• Students will complete an activity to determine the debt ratio of a fictitious family to determine whether or not the family would be approved for a loan.	
• Students will complete an activity comparing the difference between gross and net income (after Federal and State tax) between a single vs. married couple within New Jersey.	
• Students will complete an activity calculating the net income (after Federal and State tax) of various gross salaries across multiple states to see the difference among them.	
• Students will calculate disposable income after factoring in Federal and State taxes, along with mortgage expense.	
Teacher Resources	Teacher Note
Bankrate.com	PDF
• Click on April 2019 MS Personal Finance Tool resources (provided by the NJDOE) for lesson resources	April 2019 MS Personal Finance Tool
Click on Guidance on Middle School Personal Financial Literacy Requirement	Guidance on Middle School Personal Finan

and Gifted & Talented Students

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

- Use of visual and multisensory formats
- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven instruction
- Real-world problems and scenarios

Examples of Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling

- Scaffolding
- •Word walls
- •Sentence frames
- •Think-pair-share
- •Cooperative learning groups